

Sixty-fourth  
Legislative Assembly  
of North Dakota

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1211

Introduced by

Representatives Klemin, Brabandt, Maragos

Senators Hogue, Nelson

1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact subsection 5 of section 44-06.1-01, section 44-06.1-17,  
2 subsections 6 and 7 of section 44-06.1-23, and section 44-06.1-27 of the North Dakota Century  
3 Code, relating to notarial acts, notary commissions, and notary public name changes.

4 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:**

5 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 5 of section 44-06.1-01 of the North Dakota  
6 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

7 5. "Notarial act" means an act, whether performed with respect to a tangible or electronic  
8 record, that a notarial officer may perform under the law of this state. The term  
9 includes taking an acknowledgment, administering an oath or affirmation, taking a  
10 verification on oath or affirmation, witnessing or attesting a signature, certifying or  
11 attesting a copy except as provided in ~~subdivision j~~ of subsection ~~67~~ of section  
12 44-06.1-23, and noting a protest of a negotiable instrument.

13 **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Section 44-06.1-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is  
14 amended and reenacted as follows:

15 **44-06.1-17. Notary vacancies - Resignations - Failure to maintain contact information.**

16 Whenever the office of any notary public becomes vacant, the record of the notary together  
17 with all papers relating to the office must be deposited in the office of the secretary of state  
18 except for the stamping device, which must be destroyed as provided in section 44-06.1-16. If a  
19 notary public resigns the notary's commission, the notary shall notify the secretary of state  
20 within thirty days of the resignation, and shall indicate the effective date of the resignation. Any  
21 notary public who, on resignation or removal from office, or any executor or personal  
22 representative of the estate of any deceased notary public who neglects to deposit the records  
23 and papers as aforesaid for the space of three months, or any person who knowingly destroys,  
24 defaces, or conceals any records or papers of any notary public, shall forfeit and pay a sum of

1 not less than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, and that person also is liable in a  
2 civil action for damages to any party injured.

3 If a notary public fails to maintain a current address or other reasonable contact information  
4 with the secretary of state or if the secretary of state cannot determine whether a notary public  
5 continues to meet the requirements of subdivision c of subsection 2 of section 44-06.1-20  
6 despite reasonable attempts by the secretary of state to contact the notary public by mail or  
7 other reasonable means, the notary public's commission must be deemed to be not in good  
8 standing. A notary public whose commission is not in good standing may not perform any  
9 notarial acts. A notary public's commission may be restored to good standing by the secretary of  
10 state if the notary public provides current contact information to the secretary of state,  
11 establishes to the reasonable satisfaction of the secretary of state that the notary public  
12 continues to meet the requirements of subdivision c of subsection 2 of section 44-06.1-20, and  
13 pays a processing fee of ten dollars.

14 **SECTION 3. AMENDMENT.** Subsections 6 and 7 of section 44-06.1-23 of the North Dakota  
15 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 16 6. A notary public may not notarize a signature on a document if:
- 17 a. The document was not first signed or re-signed in the presence of the notary  
18 public, in the case of a verification on oath or affirmation, or in the case of an  
19 acknowledgment, was not acknowledged in the presence of the notary public.
  - 20 b. The name of the notary public or the spouse of the notary public appears on the  
21 document as a party or in which document either individual has a direct beneficial  
22 interest or if either individual appears as a signatory to a petition within the  
23 meaning of section 1-01-50. A notarial act performed in violation of this  
24 subdivision is voidable.
  - 25 c. The signature is that of the notary public or the spouse of the notary public.
  - 26 d. Except as otherwise provided by law, the notary public uses a name or initial in  
27 notarizing the document other than as it appears on the notary's commission.  
28 However, such an act by a notary by itself does not affect the validity of the  
29 document.

- 1 e. The date of the verification on oath or affirmation or acknowledgment is not the  
2 actual date the document is to be notarized or the verification on oath or  
3 affirmation or acknowledgment is undated.
- 4 f. The signature on the document or the notarial certificate is not an original  
5 signature, except as otherwise provided by law.
- 6 g. The notary is falsely or fraudulently signing or notarizing a document, verification  
7 on oath or affirmation, or acknowledgment or in any other way is impersonating  
8 or assuming the identity of another notary.
- 9 h. The signature is on a blank or incomplete document.
- 10 i. In the case of a document drafted in a language other than English, the  
11 document is not accompanied by a permanently affixed and accurate written  
12 English translation.
- 13 j. ~~Except as otherwise provided by law:~~
- 14 (1) ~~The document is a copy or certified copy of any vital record authorized or~~  
15 ~~required by law to be registered or filed;~~
- 16 (2) ~~The document is a copy or certified copy of an instrument entitled by law to~~  
17 ~~be recorded; or~~
- 18 (3) ~~The document is a copy or certified copy of a public record containing an~~  
19 ~~official seal.~~
- 20 k. The notary did not obtain satisfactory evidence of the identity of the signer,  
21 unless the signer is personally known to the notary.
- 22 7. A notary public may not ~~make~~certify or purport to ~~make~~certify any ~~certified~~ copy of a  
23 vital record, a recordable instrument, or a public record containing an official seal ~~as~~  
24 ~~described in subdivision j of subsection 6. if:~~
- 25 a. The document is a copy or certified copy of any vital record authorized or  
26 required by law to be registered or filed;
- 27 b. The document is a copy or certified copy of an instrument entitled by law to be  
28 recorded; or
- 29 c. The document is a copy or certified copy of a public record containing an official  
30 seal.

